

NORTH KERRY & WEST LIMERICK

*Smart Villages, Stronger
Communities*

Action Plan Workshop

October 2022

Welcome and Introduction





North Kerry, West Limerick: Smart Villages, Stronger Communities

This project is an initiative jointly led by North, East and West Kerry Development (NEWKD) and West Limerick Resources (WLR) in association with KPMG Future Analytics and University College Dublin.

Supported by the LEADER Programme this project aims to unlock innovative new solutions for the sustainable growth and development of rural communities within the North Kerry – West Limerick region.

Underpinned the concept of 'Smart Villages', the project will involve a combination of detailed data analysis, extensive public consultation and capacity-training workshops which will ultimately be used to co-produce an integrated development plan for the North Kerry – West Limerick region.

This plan will be directly informed and delivered by local communities





Smart Villages are communities in rural areas that **use innovative solutions to improve their resilience**, building on local strengths and opportunities. They rely on a **participatory approach** to develop and implement their strategy to improve their economic, social and/or environmental conditions, in particular by mobilising solutions offered by digital technologies. Smart Villages benefit from cooperation and alliances with other communities and actors in rural and urban areas. The initiation and the implementation of Smart Village strategies may build on existing initiatives and can be funded by a variety of public and private sources.





North Kerry, West Limerick: Smart Villages, Stronger Communities



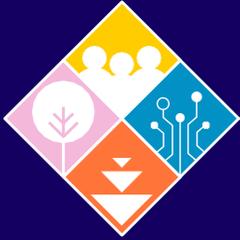
EC concluded that any definition should be inclusive and broad because the challenges and needs of rural areas are very diverse



Smart Village strategies should simply be a vehicle for guiding and effectively supporting local initiatives and is not the end in itself

The concept of Smart Villages therefore is not prescriptive and there is an acknowledgment that there is 'no one size fits all' model that can be applied universally





Smart Villages in Practice

Across Ireland and Europe Smart Village projects have been used to address the various challenges facing rural areas around enterprise and employment, mobility, accessibility, telecommunications and sustainability

For more examples of Smart Village projects from across Europe please visit
<https://www.smartrural21.eu/>



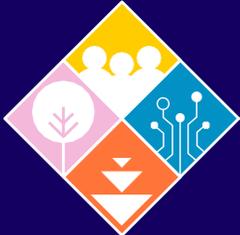
North Kerry, West Limerick: Smart Villages, Stronger Communities

Project Website: <https://nkwsmartvillages.ie/>



Agenda

Action Plan Workshop (25th October 2022)	
19.00 – 19.05	Welcome and Introduction to the Project <ul style="list-style-type: none">➤ An Introduction to the aims and overarching objectives of the 'North Kerry, West Limerick Smart Villages, Stronger Communities' project➤ Agenda
19.05 – 19:15	<ul style="list-style-type: none">➤ Regional Profile➤ Understanding the key trends
19.15 – 19.25	<ul style="list-style-type: none">➤ Stakeholder and Community Engagement – Emerging Findings➤ Community Survey➤ Community Workshops and Clinics➤ 10 Thematic Discussion Areas
19.25 – 20.25	Theme Discussion <p>19.25 –19.55: Themes (placeholder)</p> <p>19.55 – 20.25: Discussion</p>
20.25 – 20.30	Closing Address and Next Steps



Community

Trends

Demographics



**Digitisation and
Technology**

Trends

Smart Technologies



Sustainability

Trends

Climate Change



**Innovation, Enterprise
and Employment**

Trends

Economic Activity



3. Charting The Future

Demographics and Economic Activity

Population Growth

The most certain trends during the next 20 years will be major demographic shifts such as global **population growth slowing** and the world **rapidly ageing**.

These trends are coupled with **increasing urbanisation** and pressure on urban zones, along with **declining populations** in rural regions such as North Kerry-West Limerick.

Economic Activity

Increasing **digitalisation of economic activity** may 'hollow out' traditional indigenous retail, particularly affecting small towns and villages main street commerce and trade.

Automation of traditional occupations may displace jobs over the next 10 to 15 years, but many others may be created and even more occupations will change in the nature of their roles.



3. Charting The Future

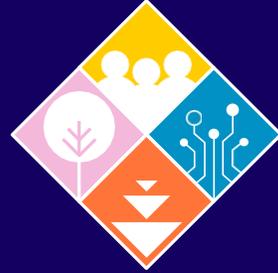
Smart Technologies and Climate Change

Smart Technologies

Technology will offer the potential to **mitigate problems**, such as climate change and health concerns, and to create new challenges, such as job displacement. During the next two decades, the pace and reach of technological developments are likely to increase ever faster, **transforming a range of human experiences** and capabilities while also having the **potential to create new tensions and disruptions** within and between societies, industries, and states.

Climate Change

The physical effects of climate change are likely to **intensify** during the next two decades, **especially in the 2030s**. These effects will span across environmental, social and economic spheres. Social, environmental and economic **costs will increase** as these effects continue to intensify. The impact of this will disproportionately fall on the developing world and poorer regions.



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Regional Profiling: Understanding the Study Area





1. INTRODUCTION

Defining the Study Area

- The study area is made up of **25 villages and communities** across the North Kerry-West Limerick region.
- Need to understand and map spatial the social and economic differences in order to **promote and ensure balanced development** at regional, sub-regional and local levels.
- The use of regional and local profiles will help to ensure that any interventions are aligned with **local needs and potential**.





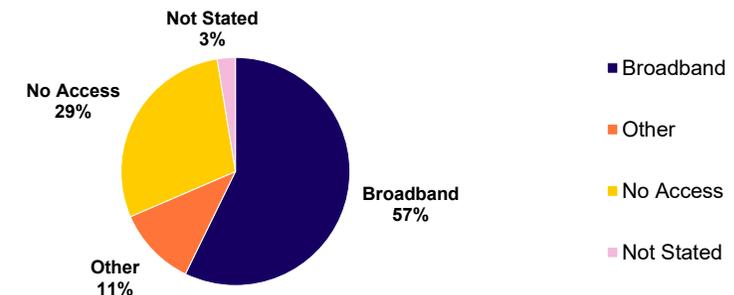
1. INTRODUCTION

- A **regional profile** of the study area with **25 local profiles** have been produced.
- Profiles used to help **identify** prevailing social and economic trends - **strengths, weaknesses, threats and opportunities** for each local area and for the wider region as a whole.
- Regional and local profiles utilised to **understand** the current status of the region and villages.
- These profiles help **form the foundation** of future objectives and actions which aim to benefit the region and its communities.

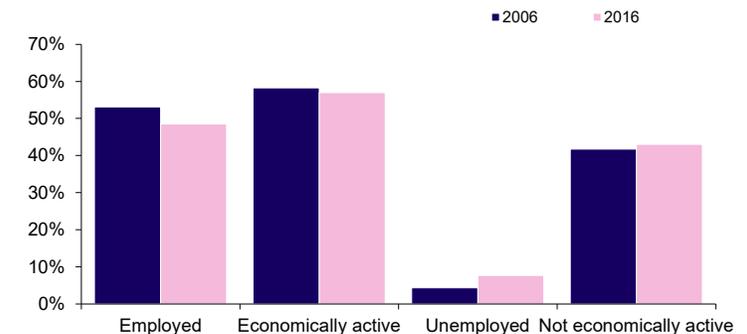
CENSUS 2016

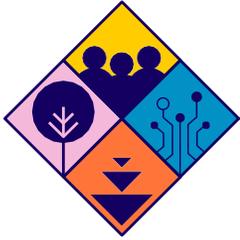


Household Internet Access (2016)



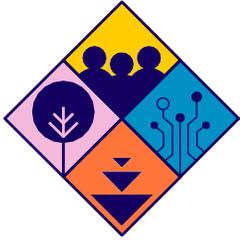
Employment Trends in the Region (2016)





2022 Census

- We have an emerging picture – small area data not available until the new year
- The population in the Republic has now officially (albeit preliminarily) passed **5.1 million**, with population having increased in **all counties** this Census period.
- The population of Kerry grew by **5.1%** (among lowest population growth), with Limerick recording a similar growth level (**5.4%**).
- There were **increases** in the housing stock in all counties (**Kerry: 5%; Limerick: 4.5%**). Kildare and Meath recorded the highest increase (12%)
- Nationally, vacancy has **declined** from ~183k dwellings in 2016 to 167k in 2022; holding at 8% vacancy state-wide. In Kerry this stands at **11.4%** and Limerick stands at **7.7%**.
- Over 48,000 dwellings nationally were vacant in both 2016 and 2022 – indicating significant issues in bringing these properties back into the market (poor location, poor condition, locked into probate and fair deal etc.). Of these, over half (23.4k) were vacant in 2011 too.
- In Kerry 4.1% of vacant dwellings were also vacant in 2016; In Limerick this stood at 2.6%



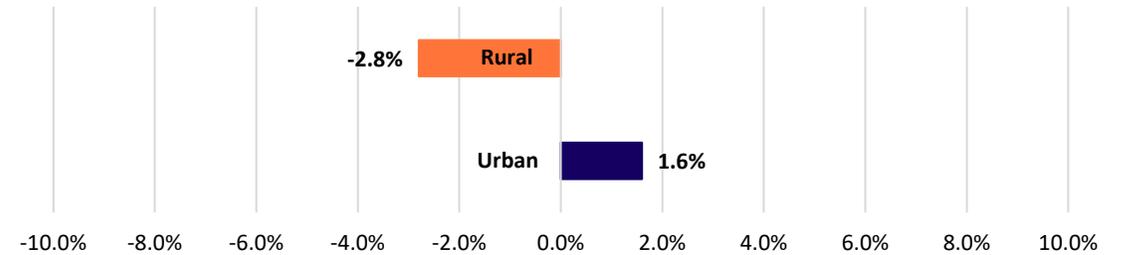
1. The Picture 2006 - 2016 Census

Population

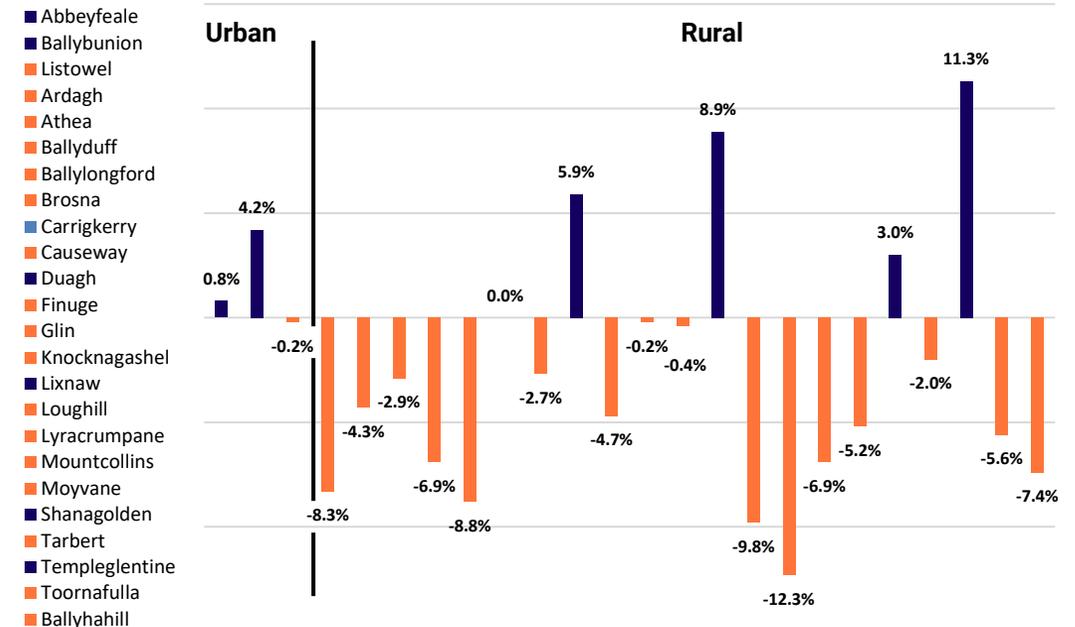
- Urban areas are growing, while rural regions are declining...

Urban area populations (population of over 1,000 persons in 2016) **increased by 1.6%** between 2011 and 2016, while rural area populations have **decreased by 2.8%** between 2011 and 2016.

Population Change 2011 - 2016



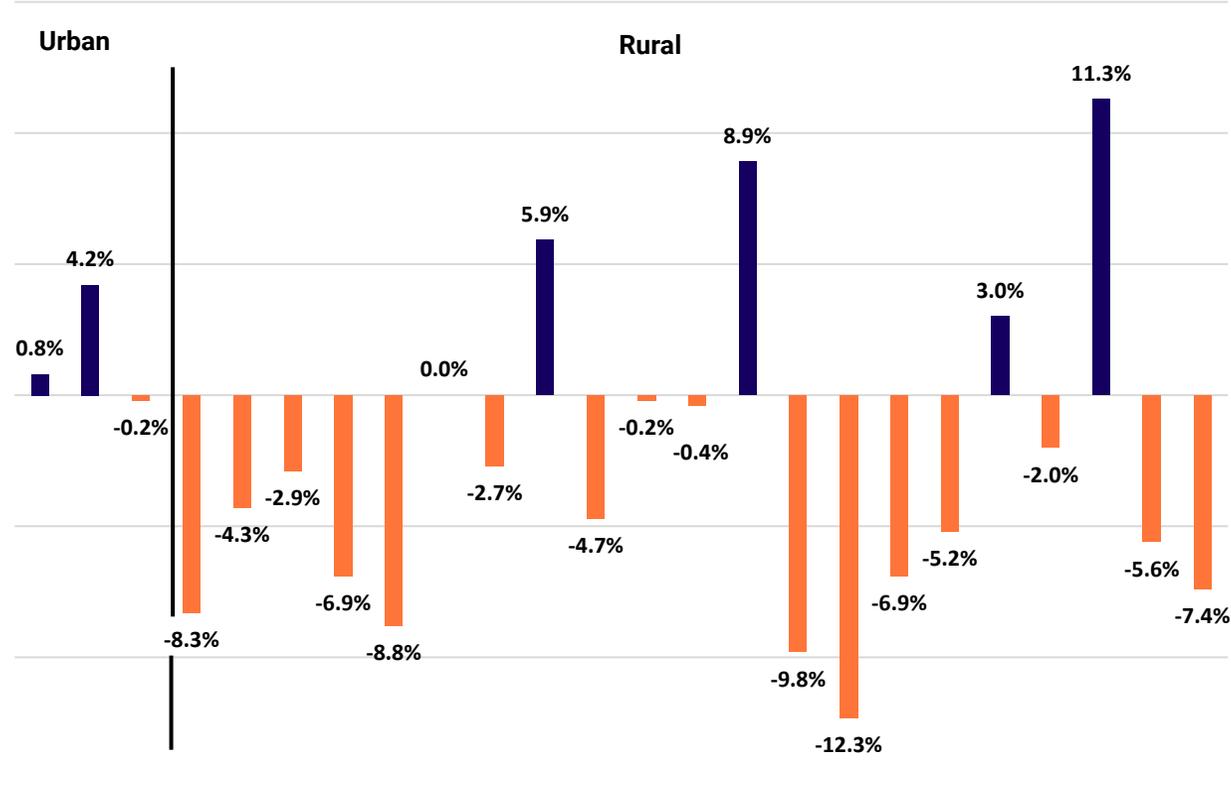
Urban and Rural Population Change by Settlement 2011 – 2016





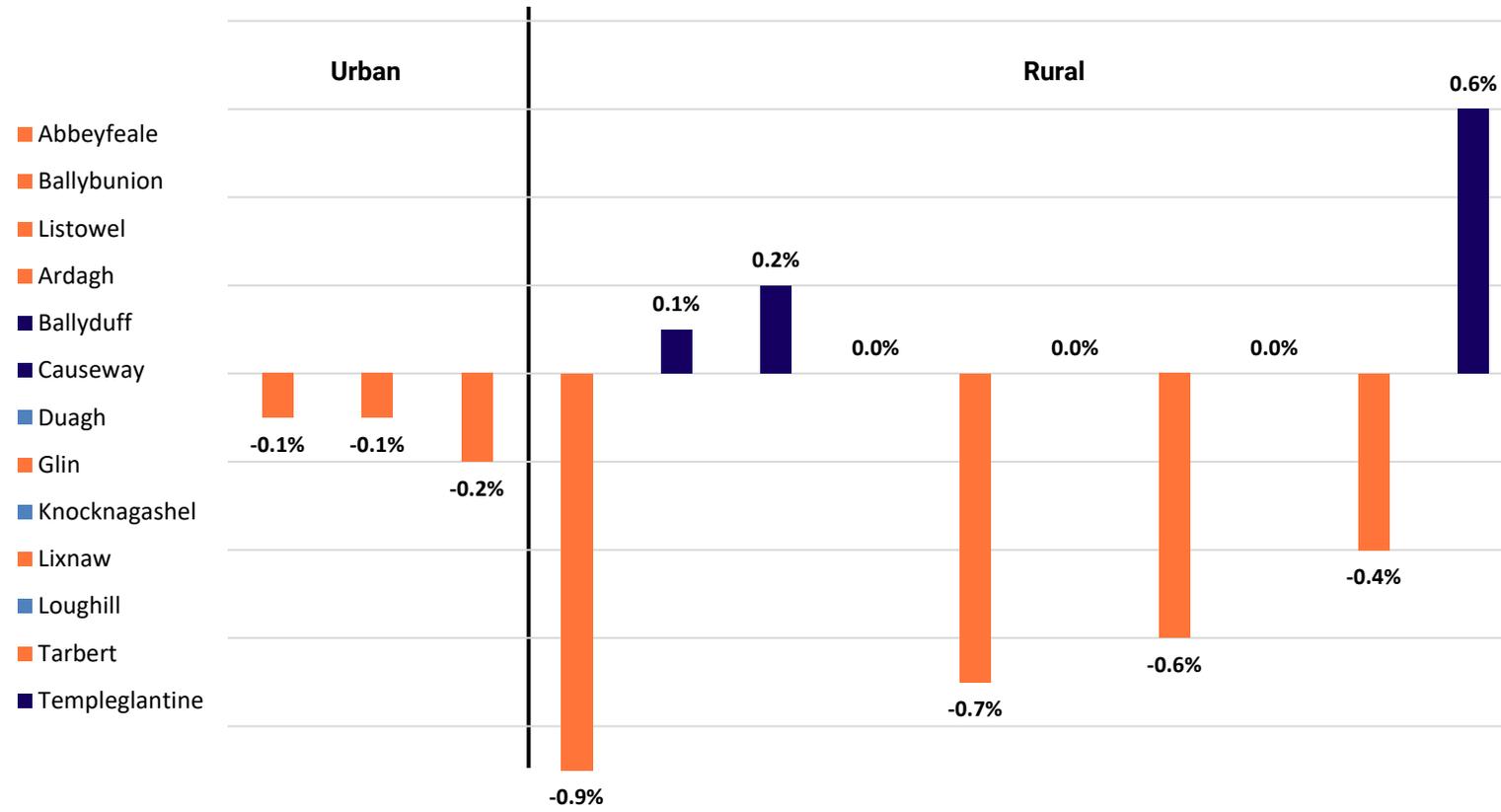
Urban and Rural Population Change by Settlement 2011 – 2016

- Abbeyfeale
- Ballybunion
- Listowel
- Ardagh
- Athea
- Ballyduff
- Ballylongford
- Brosna
- Carrigkerry
- Causeway
- Duagh
- Finuge
- Glin
- Knocknagashel
- Lixnaw
- Loughill
- Lyracrumpane
- Mountcollins
- Moyvane
- Shanagolden
- Tarbert
- Templeglentine
- Toornafulla
- Ballyhahill





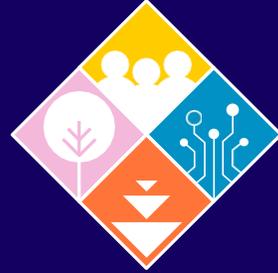
Urban and Rural Population Change by Settlement 2016 – 2022 (Preliminary Results)





4. Conclusion

- **Complex** set of trends and variables affecting the future growth and development of the North Kerry-West Limerick region.
- While the COVID-19 pandemic and subsequent public health measures has acted as a headwind to development, it proves to be an opportunity to accelerate a healthy transition to becoming a more **sustainable, smart and resilient** region.
- Regional and local analysis and profiling is essential in producing a **baseline and foundation** for charting the **best possible future** for the region and its communities.
- Profiling in tandem with extensive stakeholder engagement will help to ensure that any interventions are aligned with **local needs and potential**, promote and ensure **balanced development** at regional and sub-regional levels and help **form the foundation** of future objectives and actions which aim to benefit the region and its communities.



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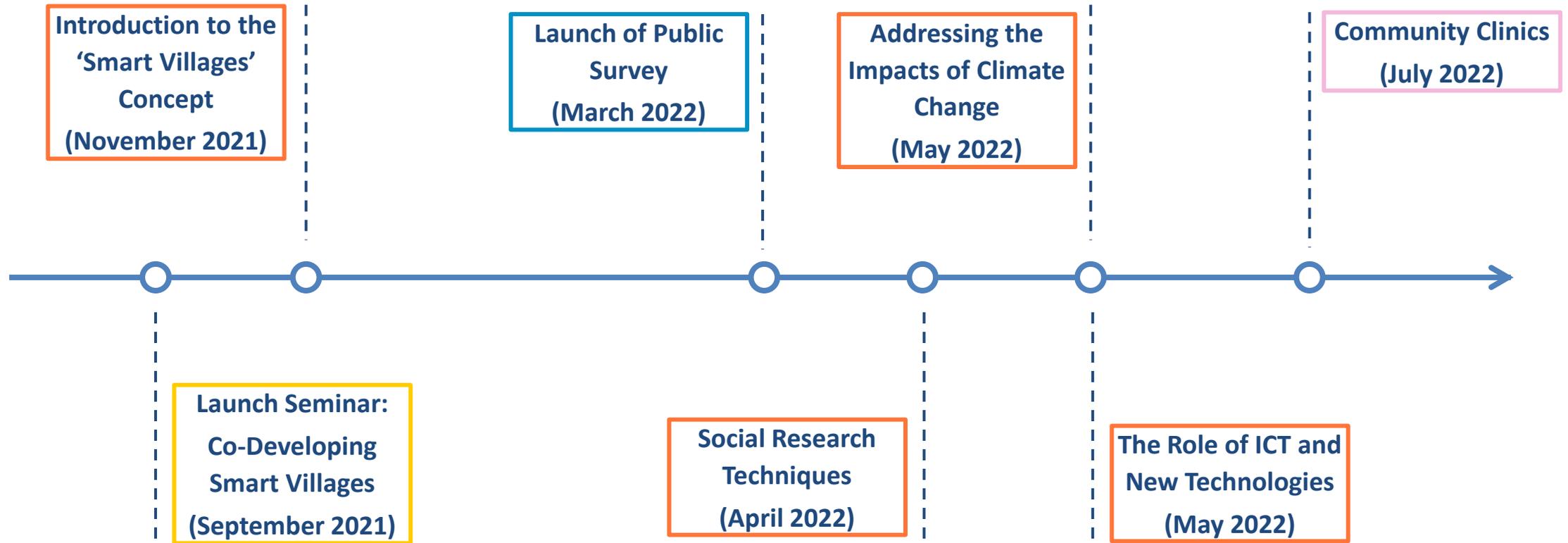
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Community Consultation Findings

Community Survey, Workshops, and Clinics

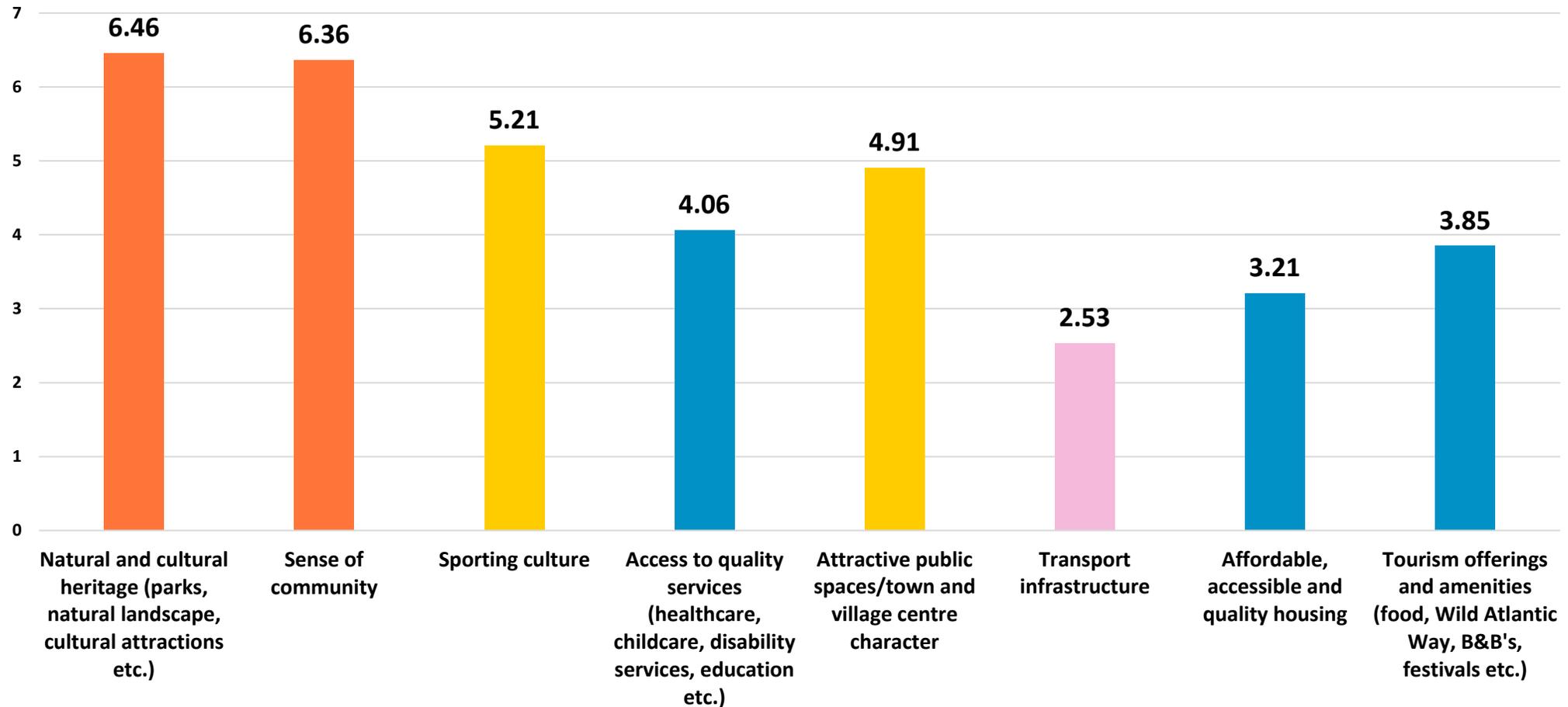


Summary of Engagement to Date



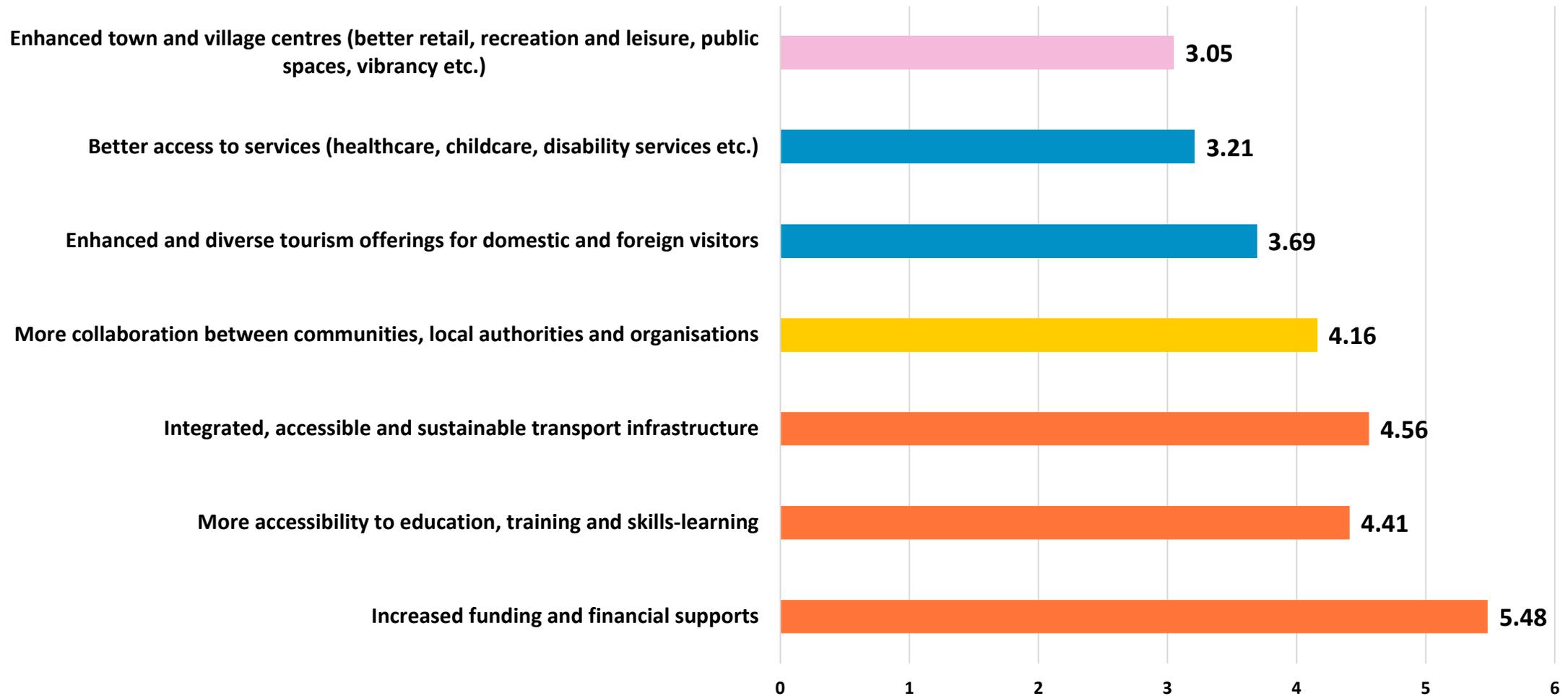


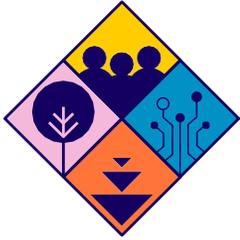
North Kerry-West Limerick's Greatest Strengths - Scoreboard



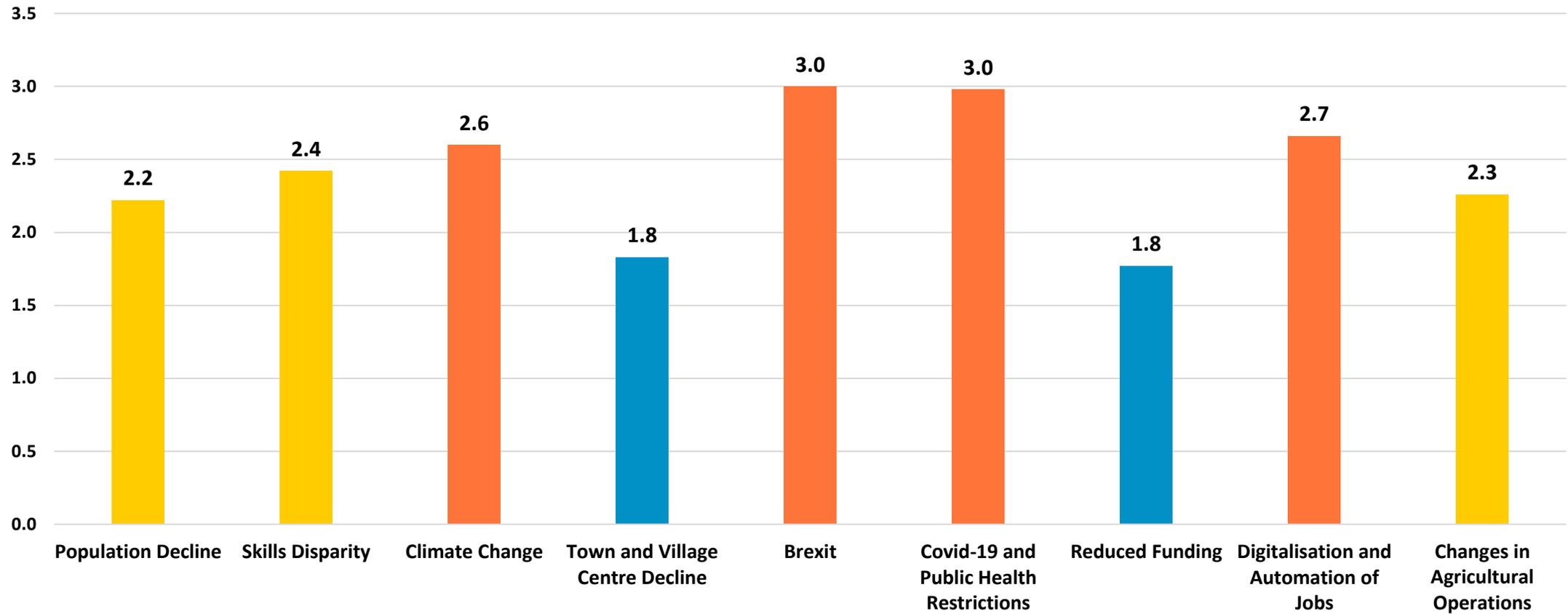


North Kerry-West Limerick's Greatest Opportunities - Scoreboard



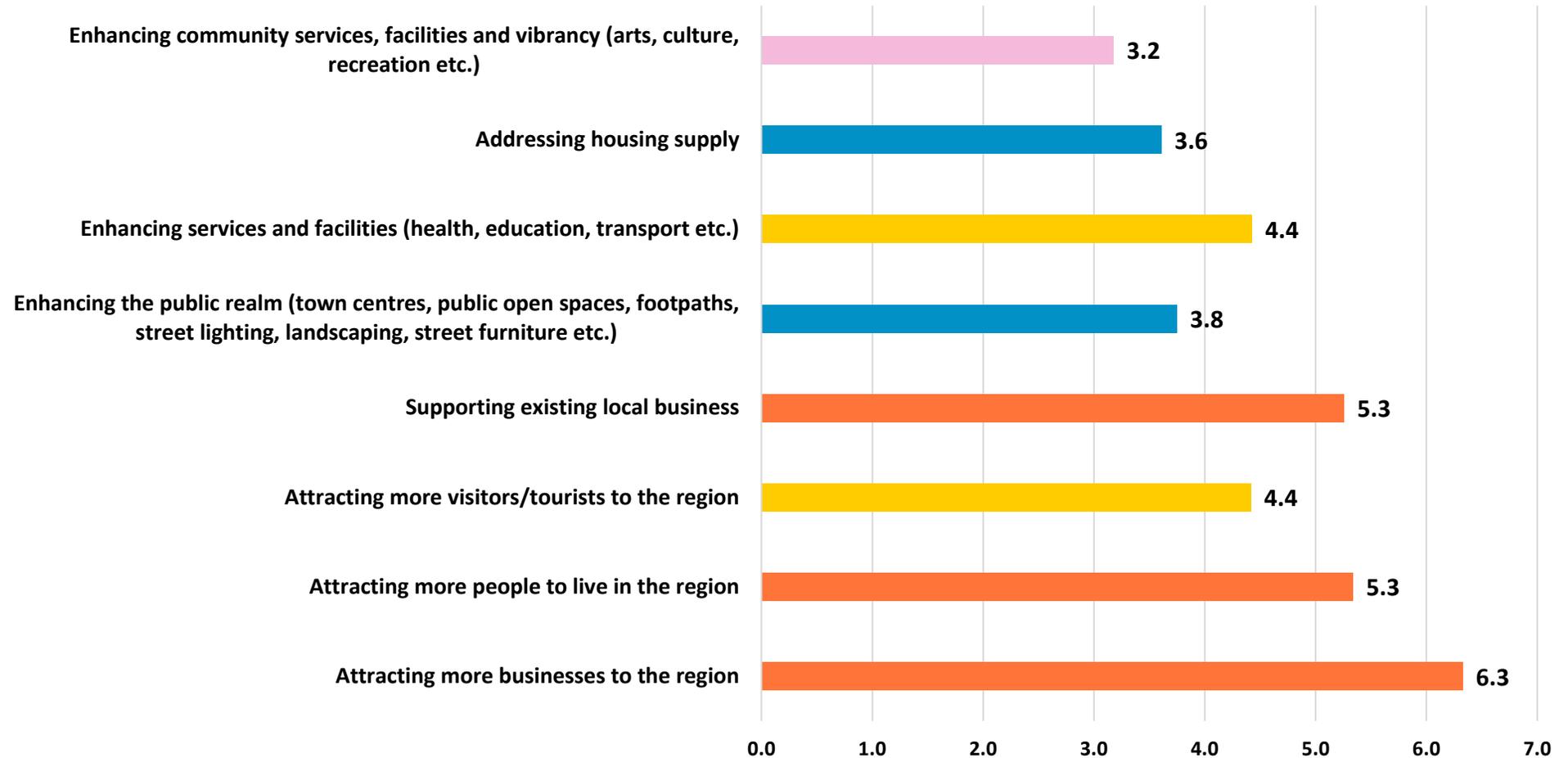


North Kerry-West Limerick's Greatest Threats - Scoreboard





North Kerry-West Limerick's Main Objectives - Scoreboard



What are the main objectives you would prioritise to create a resilient, sustainable, prosperous and inclusive future for the people of your community and region?



What is your Vision for the Future Development of the region?

- Community Development and Engagement
- Economic, Retail and Business Development
- Sustainability, Green Infrastructure and Open Spaces
- Novel Ideas
- Amenities, Heritage and Tourism Development
- Transport, Accessibility and Infrastructure
- Social Development within the Area
- Broadband & Remote Working Options



Community Clinics - Key Themes

10 thematic areas were identified as key concerns and priorities for consideration. These themes will be used to inform further engagement and will help shape interventions and recommends under the local development plans.

01

Community Advocacy

- The need for greater supports for community advocacy and social participation and integration.
- Mobilising community action
- Enhancing efficiencies and pooling efforts.

02

Funding

- How to simplify the application process for funding and grant opportunities
- Relieving the administrative burden for communities
- Unlocking access to existing supports.

03

Tourism

- Exploring regional tourism models, grouping communities to create a larger tourism offer.
- How communities can unlock existing Failte Ireland supports.
- Expanding and integrating greenways network.

04

Public Realm

- Improving accessibility and attractiveness of town and village centres.
- Traffic calming measures to support pedestrian activity.
- Exploring funding opportunities for public interventions

05

Vacancy

- How to address town centre vacancy
- Models to retrofit vacant homes and structures
- Explore compulsory purchase and compulsory sell models
- Potential for community-based models e.g. co-ops, land trusts.

Key Themes cont.

06

Digital Tools

- Digital tools currently being used in the region e.g. Cairde, Listowel Food Platform
- Explore how digital tools can help further support efficiencies.
- Digital hubs for training and upskilling.

07

Broadband

- Broadband and internet access is still a constraint for many.
- Digital hubs to provide internet access.
- Exploring alternative models for collective community owned broadband infrastructure.

08

Transport

- Balancing parking with pedestrian experience.
- Accessibility and universal design for public transport options
- Exploring alternative community-based forms for local transport

09

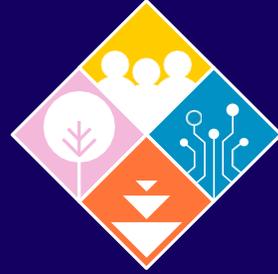
Renewable Energy

- Exploring opportunities for local community-owned energy production
- Capturing community gain from windfarms present in the region.

10

Employment

- Maximising draw for new enterprise and employment
- Improving opportunities for remote working
- Supporting local SMEs and start ups.



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Discussion of Findings Towards an Action Plan



Community Advocacy

- Smart villages are about rural citizens taking the initiative to find practical solutions that would transform their locality
- They are about thinking beyond the village and town boundaries.
- They are about building new forms of cooperation and alliances – between farmers and other rural actors, between municipalities, the private sector and civil society, between the bottom-up and the top-down.
- **Sustainable, Inclusive and Empowered Communities**: A five-year strategy to support the community and voluntary sector in Ireland 2019-2024
 - **The capacity of local authorities and Local Community Development Committees** to support and engage with community development processes and approaches will be strengthened and consolidated. This will be done in collaboration with other relevant structures at a local level including **Public Participation Networks and Children and Young People's Services Committees**
 - Objective: **Establishing the Civic Forum** for formal dialogue between central and local government bodies and representatives of civil society and strengthening/deepening the Social Dialogue process
 - hosting of the first Civic Forum. DRCD Q3 2022?
 - What other types of local or regional forums might be helpful?
 - Community Connectors in the UK

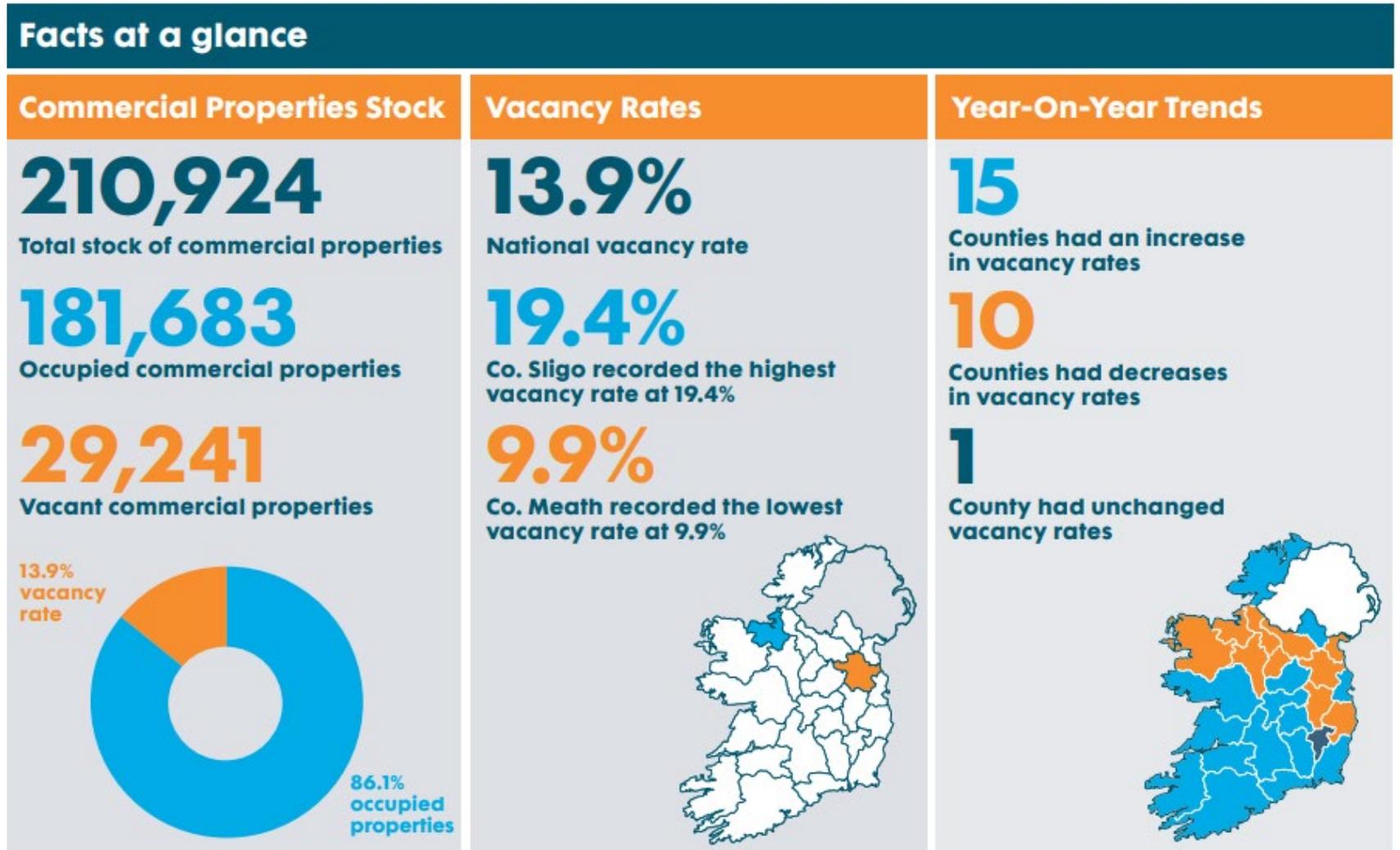


Addressing Vacancy

Town centre vacancy has been an issue impacting towns across Ireland for at least two decades.

This data (August 2022), from GeoDirectory, captures part of the recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic, the winding down of pandemic related government supports and the increasing inflation over recent months.

However, it is likely to be 2023 before the full-scale impact of this inflation on business is known.



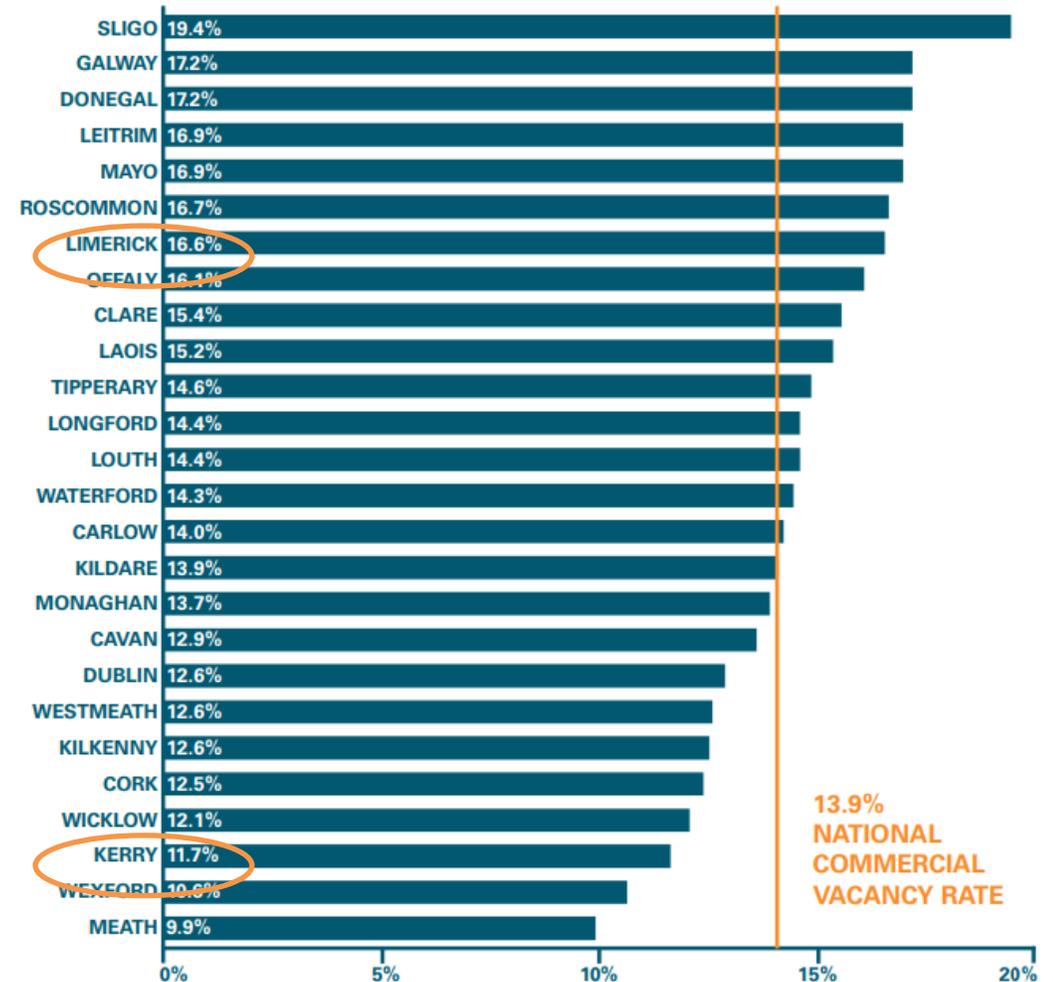
Addressing Vacancy

County Level Picture

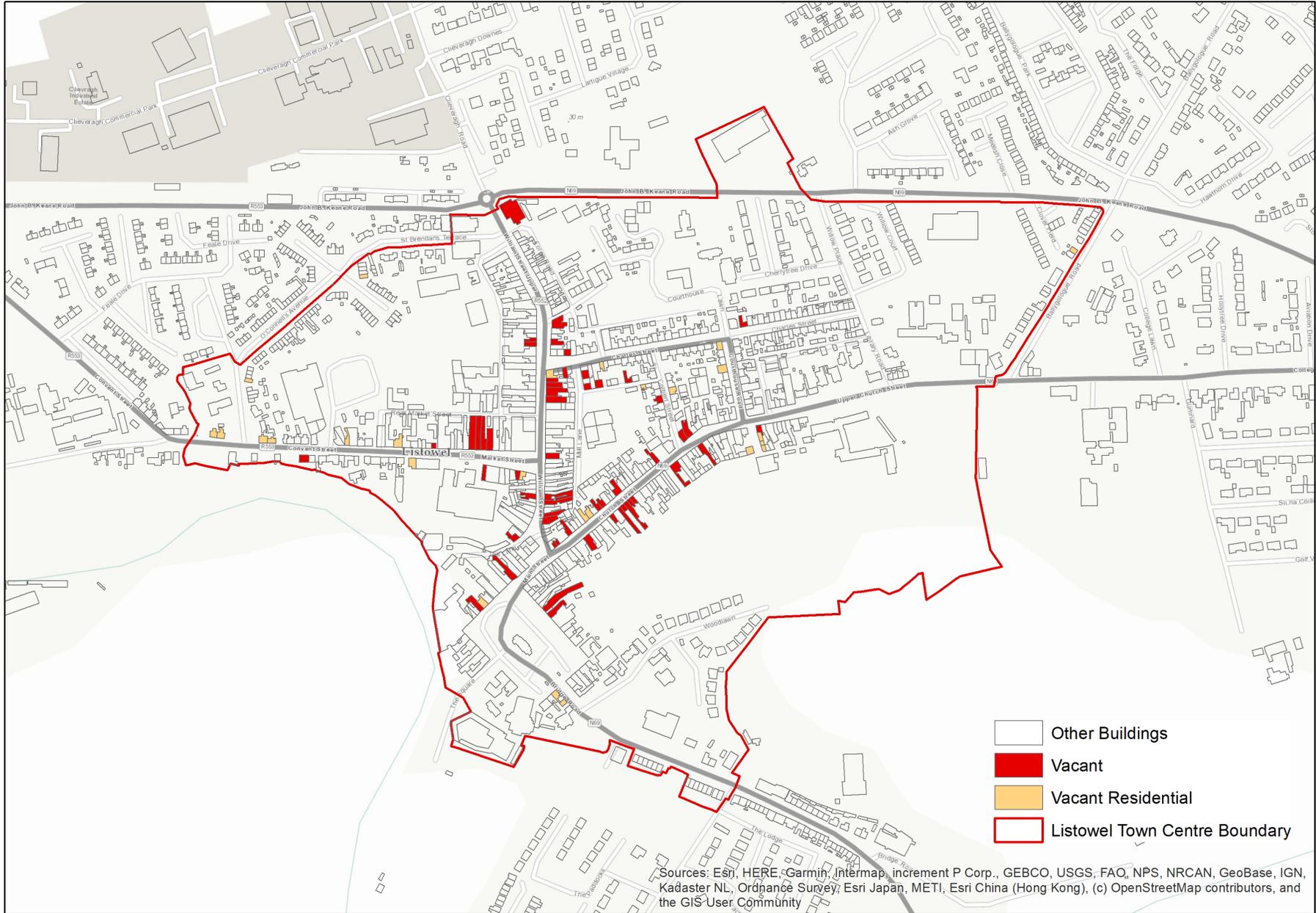
- As of August 2022, the national commercial vacancy rate is the highest level recorded by GeoDirectory since it began reporting on the rates in 2013.
- The highest commercial vacancy rates were found in the west and north-west of Ireland. **At 16.6% Limerick records the 7th highest rate.**
- The county with the lowest commercial vacancy rate was Meath at 9.9%, followed by Wexford at 10.6% and **Kerry at 11.7%.**

Town Level Picture

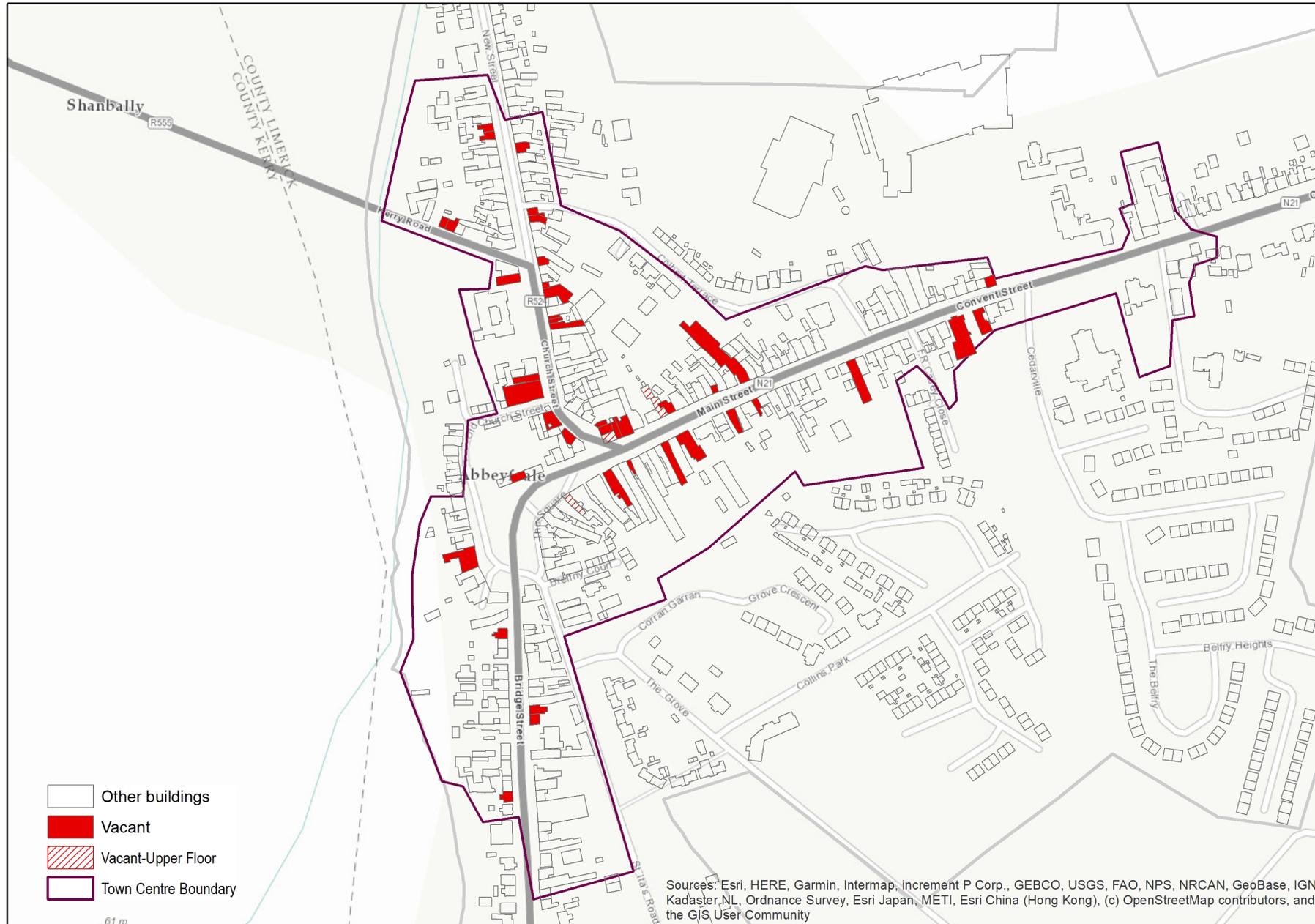
- Commercial vacancy rates were recorded across a sample of 80 towns across the country in June 2022.
- The report found that Ballybofey, Co. Donegal, remained the town with the highest commercial vacancy rate in Ireland at 30.2%
- **Abbeyfeale recorded a rate of 22.1%. Listowel was at 21.6%**
- KPMG have been undertaking land use, vacancy and dereliction surveys of Listowel and Abbeyfeale.



Source: GeoDirectory Database - 29/06/2022



Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community



Addressing Vacancy

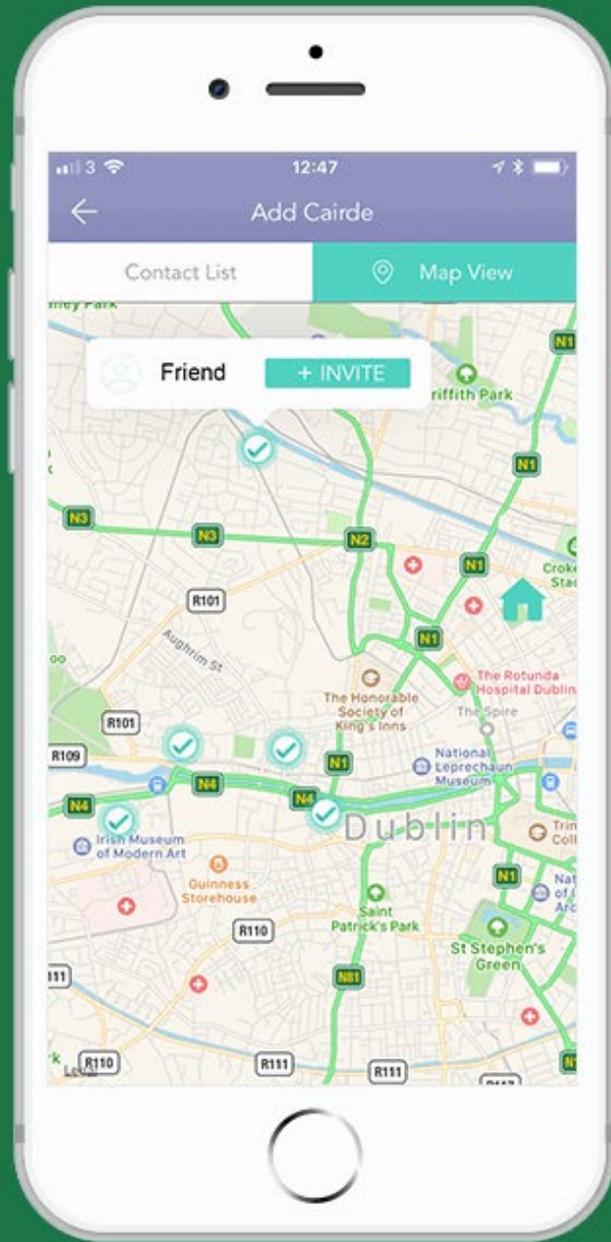
- **Role of Our Rural Future 2021-2025 / Town Centre First (Feb 2022)**
 - A network of Town Regeneration Officers in LA's to bring a co-ordinated approach to delivery across the country and to act as a forum for sharing best practice and informing the ongoing roll-out of the policy
 - Roll out of Town Centre First Plans
 - Capacity building of Town Teams
- **Planning exemptions:** exemptions for the conversion of commercial premises, as well as for above-shop living will be extended out to 2025. This means that a person will not have to apply for planning permission to change the premises from a commercial to a residential unit.
- **CPO:** The current Compulsory Purchase Order process is expensive, time consuming and with no guarantee of success.
 - The minister of state for Housing, Darragh O'Brien, has recently stated there are plans to alter the CPO process to make it easier for local authorities to acquire land and properties via that route.
 - The minister has set a target of 2,500 properties that would be acquired (by the Housing Agency) via CPO over the next two and a half years.
 - Mr O'Brien said that specific targets will be set in each area, adding that local authorities have a "fair handle" on the level of vacancy and are aware of properties that could be acquired under CPO.
- In Kerry 4.1% of vacant dwellings in 2022 were also vacant in 2016; In Limerick this stood at 2.6%

Digital Tools

The 'EU Action for Smart Villages' states that **these are rural areas and communities which build on their existing strengths and assets** as well as new opportunities to develop added value and where **traditional and new networks are enhanced by means of digital communications technologies, innovations and the better use of knowledge** for the benefit of inhabitants.

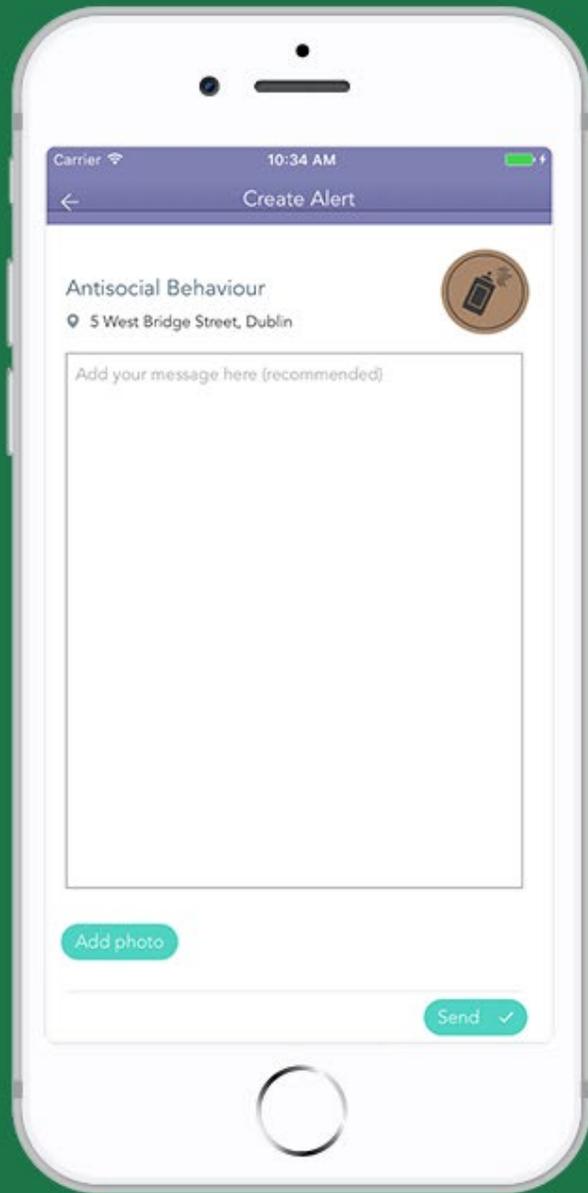
What tools are currently being used locally?

- **Cairde app**: Cairde is a new service from Muintir na Tíre. Designed for use by community groups, it **empowers communities to become safer and more connected** than ever before.
 - In response to the needs of their members and communities all over Ireland, Muintir na Tíre have integrated state-of-the-art, modern technology with the current community text alert system to create Cairde, the most effective community safety service available today
- **NEIGHBOURFOOD**: NeighbourFood is an online platform that **allows local farmers and food producers sell direct to customers**.
 - Customers log on each week, order their full weekly shop, pay online and collect their produce at the weekly collection point.



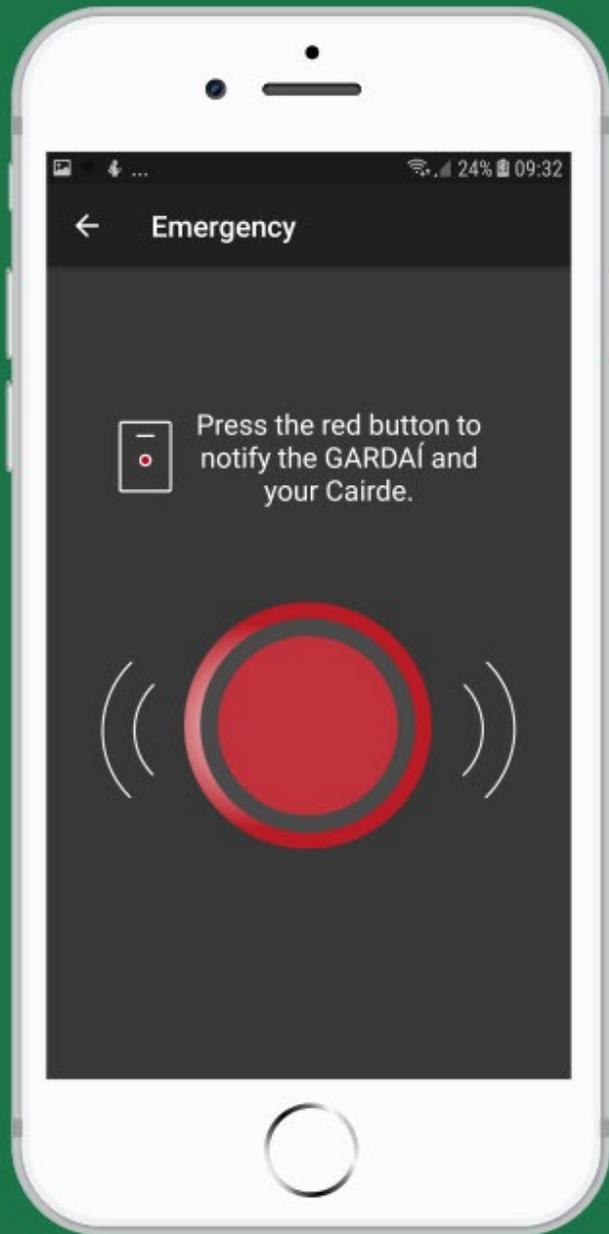
1. CAIRDE

Every member has their "Cairde". These are a small group of local people who have agreed to come to your aid if you issue an emergency alert.



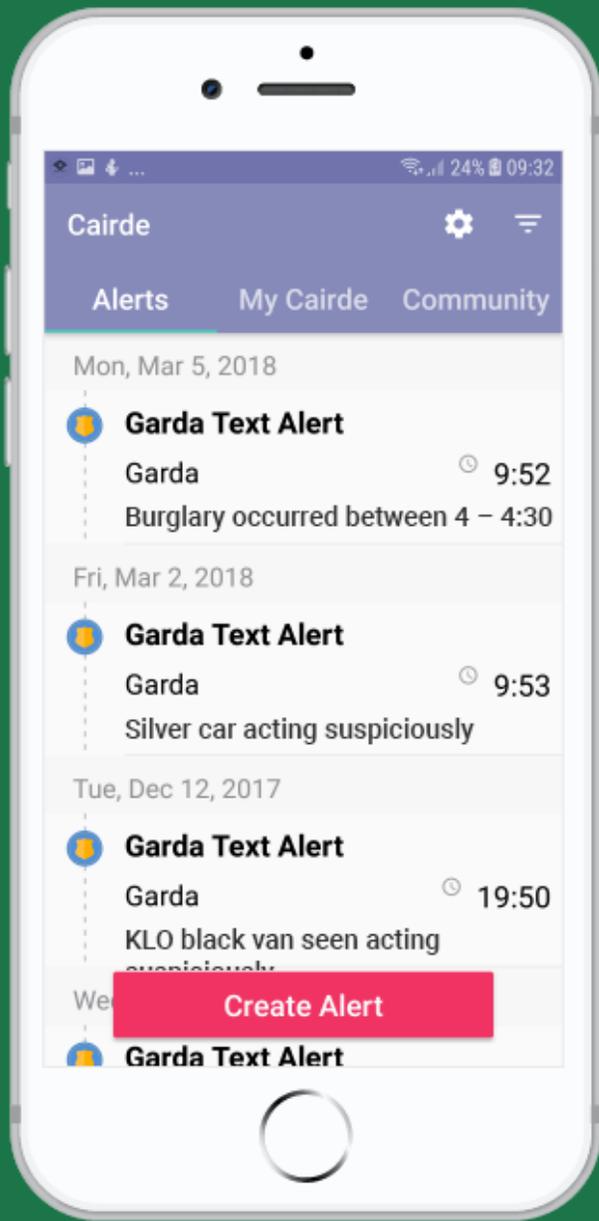
2. SEND & RECEIVE MESSAGES

You can send unlimited messages to your Cairde or community group and you can receive unlimited messages from your Cairde, community group and Muintir na Tíre.



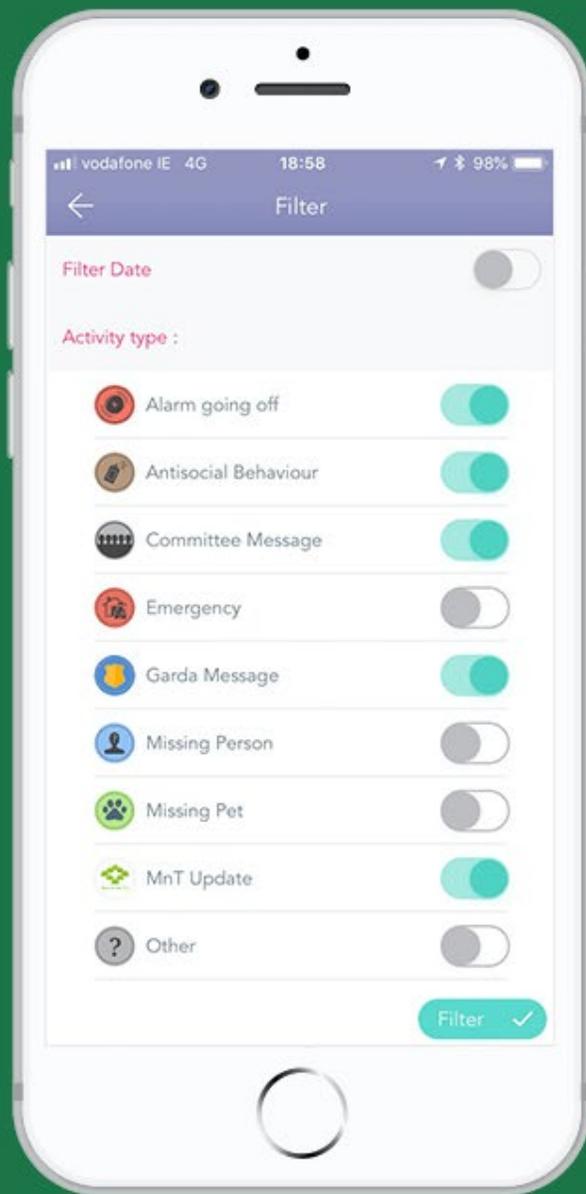
3. PANIC ALERTS

In an emergency you can use the smart monitored panic button to send a panic alert to your Cairde and the Gardai. **Our system monitors and coordinates all responses.** Both you and all those responding to your alert will be continually informed about who is coming and how far away they are until the issue is resolved. This means nobody feels isolated or alone while dealing with emergency situations.



4. GARDA TEXT ALERTS

Receive unlimited Garda text alerts which advise of suspicious or criminal activity in your area.



5. FILTER MESSAGES

The Cairde app makes it easy for you to filter what kinds of messages you want to receive.

NEW! Gift vouchers are here →

NEIGHBOUR FOOD

Buy the very best
produce online, direct
from your local
farmers and food
producers



“More and more and corner shops are disappearing,” Jack Crotty says, “and small producers have **fewer avenues in which they can sell to consumers themselves.** Really you are just left with farmers’ markets or emailing your list to people. So you are forced to go into supermarkets and you’re looking at 25% on average for what they are selling it for. The supermarket requires 75% to be able to do what they do and the producers get 25% and the only option they have to be able to make a good living **is to scale up.**”



Find Your Local Market On NeighbourFood

Find your local market on our [markets page](#) and choose from a wide range of local produce including fruit and veg, bread, pastries, cheese, meats, beers and many more. When you're happy with the items in your basket, complete your purchase online.



Collect Your Order At Your Local Venue

Each week you collect your order at a local venue. At the collection, all your items are packed and ready to be collected. A fast and efficient way to do your weekly shop!



Our Products

All of the products listed in a NeighbourFood market are grown or produced by local farmers or artisan producers. The sale of any large-scale commercially grown vegetables, non-organic imported fruit or vegetables, genetically modified products, intensively reared meat, imported fish or battery eggs are not permitted to be sold at a NeighbourFood market.

Unlocking Funding

- Several rural funding streams available by the Dept. of Rural and Community Development:
 - [Rural Regeneration and Development Fund](#): Minimum €500,000 grant application (Fourth Call Category 1 applications – *now closed*)
 - [CLÁR Small-Scale Rural Projects Fund](#): Minimum €5,000 grant application (2022 Scheme – *now closed*)
 - [Town and Village Renewal Scheme](#): Minimum €20,000 grant application (2021 scheme - *now closed*)
 - [Connected Hubs Fund](#): Minimum €10,000 grant application (Single-hub application for 2022 – *now closed*).
- Funding applications are **competitive** and often **extensive, complex** and **expensive** to undertake
- **Simplifying** the application process for small communities is vital for **accessing** existing supports
- **Funding partnerships** between several communities may help **alleviate** administrative burdens, **increase** funding application sum and **improve** access to funding opportunities
- Need for **one-stop shop mechanism** in terms of sourcing information?

Public Realm

- Smart solutions and initiatives can improve the **public realm** (streets, footpaths, public parks and open spaces)
- Improving the **accessibility** and safety of town and village centres can develop a **positive relationship** between communities and the built environment (towns and villages)
- **Example: Singapore Green Man+**
 - Singapore has deployed over 1,000 **smart pedestrian crossings** across the country
 - Led by the Land Transport Authority, these pedestrian crossings allow senior citizen cardholders or disability cards to enable between **3 and 13 seconds of extra crossing time** at traffic lights, depending on the width of the crossings
- While at a national scale, smart solutions such as the Green Man+ initiative can significantly improve relationships between citizens and the built environment by making town and village centres more **accessible, safe and inclusive**.



Renewable Energy

- With a significant presence of wind farms in the region, exploring opportunities for local community-owned energy production is an emerging topic from community engagement
- In tandem with community ownership, capturing community gain from wind farms should be an important aspect of the relationship between communities and renewable energy in the region
- **Example: Renewable Energy Community Benefits Fund, Scotland**
 - The Scottish Energy Strategy sets out 'Good Practice Principles' for renewable energy developers offering meaningful benefits (primarily in the form of monetary funds) to communities in which their renewable operations are based
 - Although a voluntary initiative, almost **£23 million** in benefits was paid in 2021 to communities by renewable energy developers
 - This averages to just under **£4,000 per mW per year** in community benefit value
 - Projects which have been supported by this Community Benefits Fund include community halls, sports programmes, co-operative community cycle clubs
 - As part of this, [Local Energy Scotland](#) provide an online community benefits register which shows renewable energy projects in Scotland and includes the benefits experienced by communities from these projects

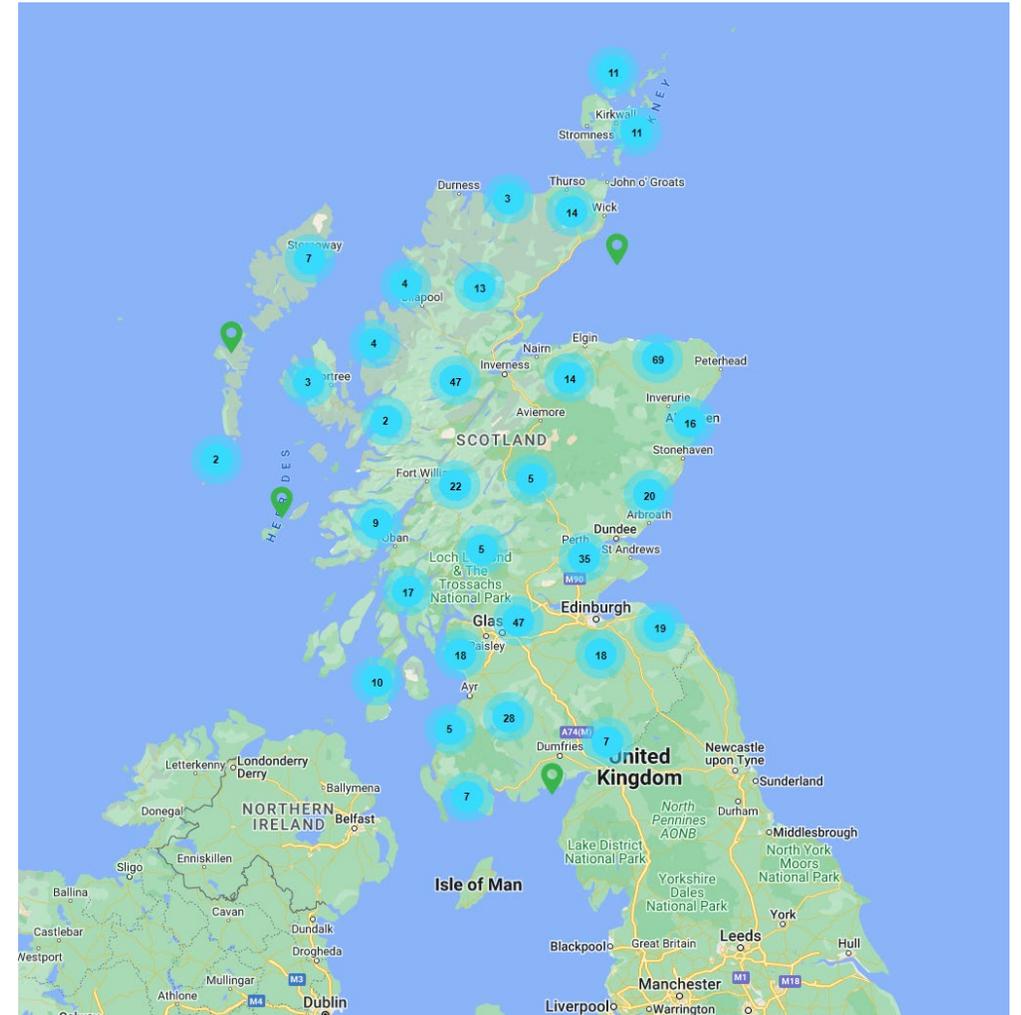


Scottish Government Good Practice Principles for Community Benefits from Onshore Renewable Energy Developments



Renewable Energy

- Local Energy Scotland provide a mapping service where each of these community benefit projects can be viewed.
- The accessibility of information for both renewable energy developers and communities through the online resources of Local Energy Scotland, showcasing the advantages of the Community Benefits Fund to both developers and communities, application forms for projects and the online community benefits register



Tourism

- Agreed that the region has great natural assets and strong cultural heritage. However, perception that it has been overlooked.
- There is potential to draw communities together to develop a more robust and holistic tourism offer.
- Interest in further capitalising on regions existing greenway network and develop 'active tourism' offering.
- Develop a new 'Coastal Greenway', linking communities along the Atlantic Coast and integrating into the larger greenway network.
- Accommodation also key factor, need to diversify range of accommodation services
- Need to focus on what types of tourism to target and what kinds of tourist to attract



Broadband

- There is significant interest in exploring alternative models to deliver viable and effective broadband connections to the communities
- **Community-based broadband models** have been successfully applied in rural communities in Europe, and are gaining traction in Ireland.
- E.g. the village of **Raudanmaa in southern Finland** used a local co-operative structure to develop a dedicated fibre-optic network. The local co-op partnered with a national service provider, Telia, to fund the infrastructure and establish a special fee structure for residents, who now enjoy cheaper and faster broadband.
- **Broadband 4 Our Community** is a not-for-profit, volunteer organisation established in the towns of Piltown and Fidown, Co. Kilkenny. Utilised LEADER funding to develop a 'Fibre-to-Premises' broadband network connecting homes and businesses. Prices are to be set at €39.99 per month, and will reduce once the project costs have been paid for.



Transport

- Mobility is the glue that binds together rural communities and helps rural economies survive and grow. But limited transport options in rural areas can hinder access to basic services, jobs and social activities.
- The **Local Link** service administered by Transport for Ireland provides a dedicated bus service for rural communities. Provides regular bus routes that operate on a fixed time and schedules, as well as door to door transport service. In 2019 the service completed 2.5 millions passenger journeys.
- **Connecting Ireland Rural Mobility Plan:** 5-year programme by the NTA to improve rural public transport.
 - Acknowledges that 2/5 villages are not connected to their nearby town.
 - Aims to provide integrated system of bus, rail, active travel and on-demand services for rural communities.
 - **70% of people in rural Ireland will have access to public transport service that provides at least three return trips daily to the nearby town**



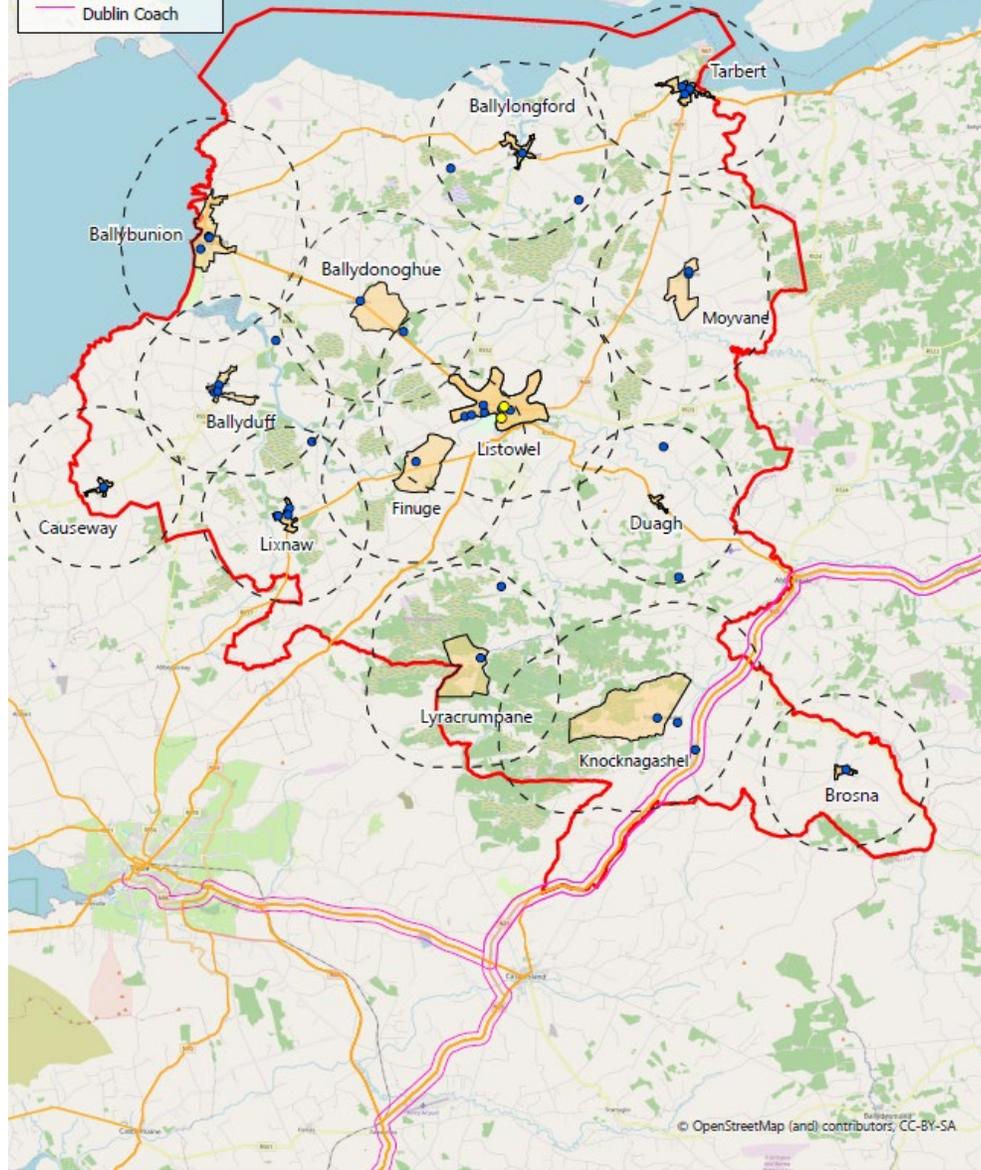
2 in 5 villages are not connected to their nearby bigger town.



Legend

- ▭ Study Area - Kerry
- TFI Local Link
- EV Charging Points
- Bus Eireann
- Private
- Dublin Coach

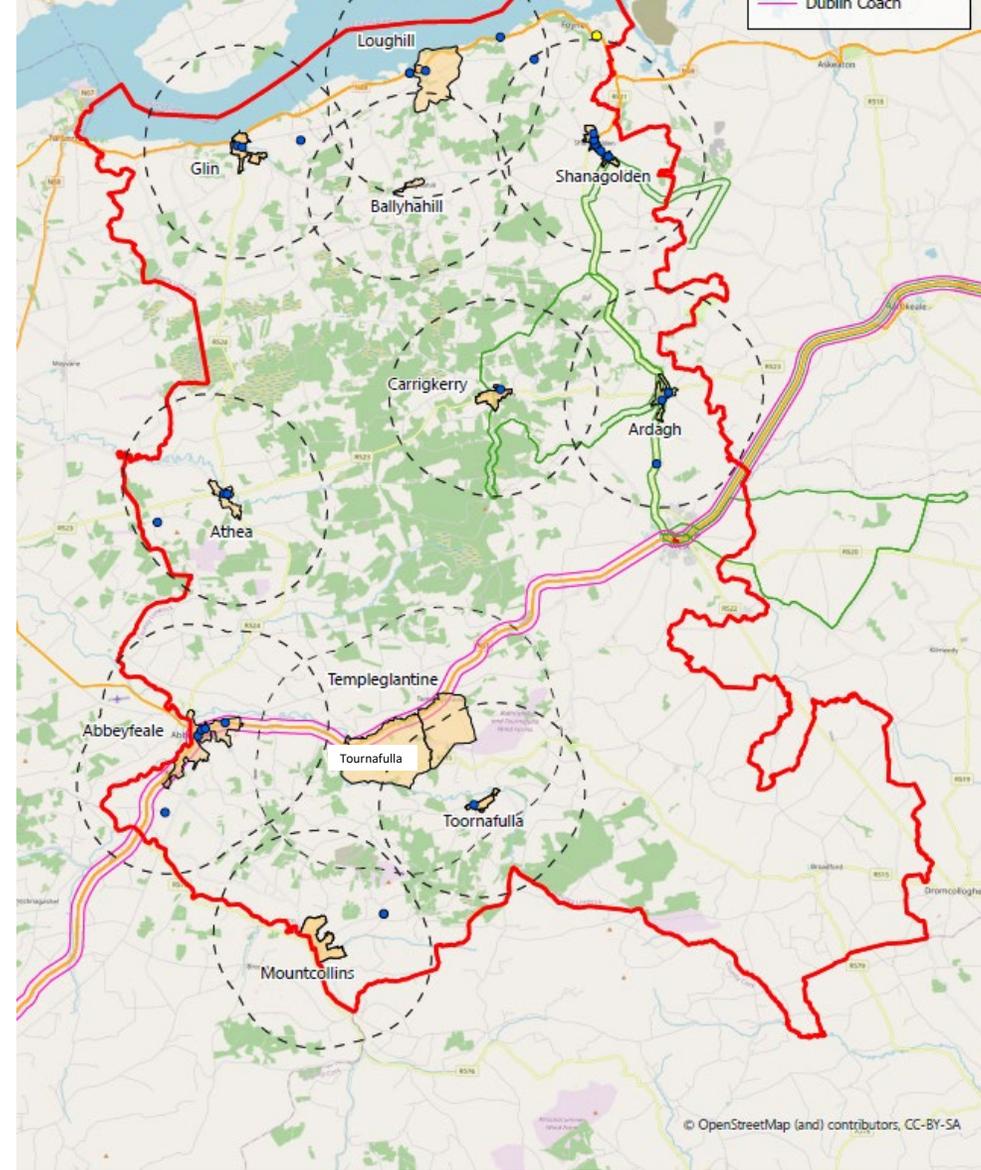
Map S10 Kerry: Transport Facilities



Map S00-1 Limerick: Study Area

Legend

- ▭ Study Area - Limerick
- EV Charging Points
- TFI Local Link
- Bus Eireann
- Private
- Dublin Coach



Transport

- **Go Borders, Scotland:** Partnership between the Scottish Borders Council and Moovit, a public transport navigation app available in around 500 cities around the world.
 - An on-demand transport service for the Ettrick Valley and Bonchester Bridge areas that targets rural residents that do not have easy access to existing public transport. App allows users to book a trip and view live updates to track their journey and arrival time. Notably, residents can also book trips by phoning the Council.
- **Bürgerbus (Citizens Bus), Kirchzarten, Germany:** Community based transport service designed and operated by local volunteers and community groups. Runs 4 times a day across 4 different transport lines.
 - In terms of funding, the service receives strong sponsorship from local businesses, that benefit from improved footfall in the town centre. Volunteers keep operational costs low and helps ensure service is responsive to community needs.



Enterprise and Employment

- Recent years have seen proliferation of digital hubs across Ireland, with several located in Kerry and Limerick e.g. HQListowel, WorkBase Abbeyfeale.
- Hubs have potential to support remote workers and provide new enterprises with a base to grow and develop from.
- However, an integrated approach is required to ensure that digital hubs are employed effectively and will remain viable in the long term.
- Kerry and Limerick Local Enterprise Offices suggested region could benefit from more **targeted, sector-specific hubs** e.g. animation, media production, arts and crafts. This would develop a range of complimentary enterprises and services in a regional area.
- **Creative Coast Donegal** – Aims to create the right conditions for creative entrepreneurship to develop. Provides business training to creatives, created a live directory to improve profiles for creatives and connects businesses across disciplines.
 - Supported under the *Creative Communities Economic Action Fund*



Questions

- Do these 10 themes broadly capture what you feel are important for the region? Are there others that you feel should be considered?
- Do you have any specific comments or ideas (including potential projects or initiatives) to advance progress under these themes?

01

Community
Advocacy

02

Funding

03

Tourism

04

Public Realm

05

Vacancy

06

Digital Tools

07

Broadband

08

Transport

09

Renewable Energy

10

Employment



NORTH KERRY & WEST LIMERICK

Thank You



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